Proposed Amendments to the 2016-18 Budget

The proposed amendments to the 2016-18 budget (HB/SB 29) include \$294.4 million in general fund resources above those assumed in Chapter 836 of the 2017 Acts of Assembly. These resources include: (1) a \$134.9 million upward revision to the general fund revenue forecast; (2) transfer reductions totaling \$18.1 million; and, (3) a net balance adjustment of \$177.7 million. When combined with the \$8.4 million unappropriated balance contained in Chapter 836, the net adjustments provide \$302.8 million in available unappropriated resources. With these adjustments, general fund resources and transfers in FY 2018 total \$20.7 billion.

HB/SB 29 includes proposed net spending of \$101.2 million. Proposed spending utilizes only about one-third of the increases in available resources, leaving a balance of \$201.6 million to be carried forward into the next biennium in HB/SB 30.

General Fund Resources Available for Appropriation (\$ in millions)			
Additional Resources Available	<u>Chapter 836</u>	<u>Revised</u>	<u>Difference</u>
Net Balance Changes			\$177.7
Net Revenue Adjustments	\$19,193.3	\$19,328.2	\$134.9
Net Transfer Adjustments	640.8	622.7	(18.1)
Total Additional Resources			\$294.4
Total Resources Available	Chapter 836	Difference	HB/SB 29
Prior Year Balance	\$128.1	\$654.7	\$782.8
Additions to Balance	128.2	(477.0)	(348.8)
Revenue Forecast	19,193.3	134.9	19,328.2
Revenue Stabilization Fund	272.5	0.0	272.5
Transfers	640.8	(18.1)	622.7
Total GF Resources	\$20,363.0	\$294.4	\$20,657.4
Unappropriated Balance (Ch. 836)			\$8.4
HB/SB 29 Net Spending Increases			(101.2)
HB/SB 29 Carry Forward Balance			\$201.6
			•

Changes in Revenue

FY 2017 revenue collections exceeded the estimate by \$134.1 million, with growth of individual withholding taxes and corporate income taxes well ahead of the forecast, offsetting shortfalls in nonwithholding and sales tax collections. As a result, FY 2018 general fund revenues have to increase only 2.7 percent to meet the budget forecast in Chapter 836, compared to the economic-based assumption of 3.4 percent growth.

The fall revenue reforecasting process resulted in an estimated GF growth rate of 3.7 percent, an increase of \$184.7 million based on the recommendations of the Governor's Advisory Council on Revenue Estimates (GACRE). The revenue forecast was subsequently reduced by \$49.8 million, reflecting a \$47.3 million shortfall in the revenues anticipated to have been generated by the recently completed Tax Amnesty program and a reduction of \$2.5 million resulting from conformity with federal tax changes which increase the deductions for charitable contributions to encourage support for hurricane relief efforts. The net result is a 3.4 percent adjusted growth rate in FY 2018, with the majority of the adjustments attributable to the higher than anticipated FY 2017 base, and little change to the underlying economic assumptions.

Adjustments to the revenue forecast contained in HB/SB 29 yield additional general fund revenues of \$134.9 million in FY 2018, representing growth of 3.4 percent. Year-to-date revenue growth through November was 4.9 percent, with three of the largest sources – sales, withholding and corporate income taxes – exceeding the forecast. Year-to-date, the only weaknesses have been in non-withholding and recordation taxes.

FY 2018 Estimate of GF Taxes by Source (\$ in millions)			
	Dec. 2017 <u>Forecast</u>	Estimated % Growth	% Growth through Nov. 2017
Net Individual	\$13,491.9	3.4%	3.6%
Corporate	874.0	5.7%	57.8%
Sales	3,458.2	3.0%	4.7%
Insurance	362.1	6.2%	0.0%
Recordation	407.2	3.3%	(2.4%)
All Other	<u>734.8</u>	1.6%	2.0%
Total Revenues	\$19,328.2	3.4 %	4.9%*
*YTD growth includes \$42.2 million in one-time Tax Amnesty collections			

Changes in Transfers

Proposed net transfer adjustments in HB/SB 29 reduce total transfers by \$18.1 million and include a \$4.8 million increase in the estimated sales tax transfer for K-12 education based on an overall increase in the sales tax forecast; offset by reductions of \$24.0 million, the majority of which reflects the early receipt of funds from the Volkswagen and Kia-Hyundai settlements which were received in FY 2017 and were therefore, already included in the FY 2018 beginning balance. Other adjustments include a proposal to increase by \$500,000 the amounts the Office of the Attorney General may retain from the Regulatory, Consumer and Litigation Fund, an increase of \$1.6 million being retained by the Department of Game and Inland Fisheries from watercraft sales tax collections, and a reduction in the assumed transfer from the Court Debt Collection program of \$2.1 million.

Changes in Net Balance

The general fund cash balance reported by the State Comptroller at the close of FY 2017 was \$1.4 billion. This includes an unexpended GF appropriated balance of \$354.8 million; a \$128.1 million carry-forward balance assumed in Chapter 836; revenue collections in excess of the forecast totaling \$134.1 million; and other nongeneral fund cash on deposit in the Treasury that is counted as general fund according to the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

From these balances, the Comptroller set aside mandatory restrictions totaling \$557.1 million. The majority relates to the \$548.8 million balance in the Revenue Stabilization Fund as well as balances in the Lottery Proceeds Fund of \$4.0 million and \$4.3 million of Water Supply Assistance Grant Funds. After adjusting the balance for these liabilities, and for payments awaiting disbursement, the unrestricted general fund cash balance totaled \$782.7 million, approximately \$654.7 million more than assumed in Chapter 836.

The new adjustments to the unrestricted balances are committed under statutory requirements, and distributions include the reappropriation of \$105.8 million in FY 2017 GF capital and capital planning funds, \$111.2 million in mandatory and discretionary GF agency balances. Also included is \$63.7 million from the Local Communications Sales and Use Tax and the Virginia Health Care Fund. A total of \$121.4 million is set aside for the revenue cash reserve established in Chapter 836 to provide additional liquidity to address potential revenue shortfalls.

An additional \$22.5 million will be used to satisfy the statutory requirement that 10 percent of yearend surpluses and uncommitted balances be appropriated to the Water Quality Improvement Fund in FY 2019.

Finally, after a number of technical amendments are made to reconcile the Comptroller's year-end balance with amounts already captured in the approved budget, and to remove NGF's that are reported as GF resources due to Governmental Accounting Standards Board requirements, the net balance change totals \$654.7 million.

Major Spending and Savings Proposed in HB/SB29, as Introduced

(GF \$ in millions)

	FY 2018
Major Spending Proposed	
Revenue Cash Reserve	\$121.4
Medicaid Utilization and Inflation	86.7
Inmate Medical Care	5.0
DSS Information Technology	4.2
Child Support Enforcement Revenue Offset	3.0
FAMIS Utilization and Inflation	2.7
Repay VEAP Capital Advance	2.3
Fund Increased Costs of Child Welfare Services	2.2
Medical Services for Involuntary Commitments	2.2
Other Spending Adjustments	8.4
Total Spending:	\$238.1
Major Savings Proposed	
K12 Direct Aid: Additional NGF Lottery Proceeds	\$(52.0)
Health Care Fund Revenues	(40.5)
Debt Service Refunding	(24.3)
K12 Direct Aid: Enrollment and Other Technical Updates	(5.3)
State Agency IT and Telecommunications Utilization	(4.7)
Other Savings Adjustments	(10.1)
Total Savings:	\$(136.9)
Net Spending Adjustments	\$ 101.2

Judicial

Judicial Department Reversion Clearing Account

Criminal Fund Balance Reversion. Recommends the reversion of \$1.5 million in FY
 2017 Criminal Fund balances to the general fund.

Executive

Attorney General and Department of Law

Increase Revolving Trust Fund Appropriation. Proposes increasing the non-general fund appropriation of the Regulatory, Consumer Advocacy, Litigation, and Enforcement Revolving Trust Fund. Additionally, the action proposes reducing GF resources by \$500,000 related to year-end balances of the Fund, as a result of increasing the NGF appropriation. There is a corresponding action in HB/SB 30 that increases the Revolving Trust Fund appropriation for fiscal years 2019 and 2020. An amendment to the 2016-18 budget adopted by the 2017 General Assembly, lowered the NGF appropriation related to the Revolving Trust Fund from \$1.25 million to \$750,000. This proposal would restore the NGF appropriation in the Fund to its previous amount.

Administration

Compensation Board

Revert Excess Funding for Sheriffs' Salary Compression Initiative. Reverts excess funding of \$1.1 million GF related to the targeted salary compression initiative for Sheriffs' office employees, based on a revised estimate of the number of local and regional jail office employee recipients. Funding of \$7.3 million GF was provided in Chapter 836 for the targeted salary initiative for sworn and non-sworn employees, effective August 1, 2017.

Administration of Health Insurance

- Reduce Appropriation for State Health Insurance Fund. Reduces the nongeneral fund appropriation for the State Health Insurance Fund (HIF) by \$200.0 million to

better align the HIF fund appropriation with the most recent assumptions in health care costs provided by the agency's actuary.

- Increase Appropriation for Line of Duty Act (LODA) Health Benefits Program. Increases the nongeneral fund appropriation for the LODA Health Benefits Program by \$20.0 million to support anticipated claims and administrative costs. Pursuant to Chapter 677 of the 2016 Acts of Assembly, effective July 1, 2017, all LODA Health Benefits Plans are administered by the Department of Human Resource Management (DHRM) in order to provide consistent coverage for all LODA-disabled persons, LODA-eligible spouses, and LODA-eligible dependents.
- Increase Appropriation for The Local Choice Health Benefits Program. Increases the nongeneral fund appropriation of The Local Choice (TLC) health benefits program by \$45.2 million to support anticipated claims and administrative costs. The TLC program is an optional program that offers health benefit coverage to employees and retirees, and their dependents, of localities, local school divisions, and other political subdivisions.

Agriculture and Forestry

- Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services
 - Wine Promotion Fund. Proposes an additional \$256,198 GF in the current year of funds deposited to the Virginia Wine Promotion Fund from the dedicated sales taxes generated by the wine liter taxes attributable to the sale of Virginia wine, bringing total deposits to \$2.3 million in FY 2018.

Commerce and Trade

- Economic Development Incentive Payments
 - Pulp, Paper, and Fertilizer Advanced Manufacturing Performance Grant Fund.
 Eliminates the \$2.0 million GF deposit to the Pulp, Paper, and Fertilizer Advanced
 Manufacturing Grant Fund for Tranlin based on updated investment and job creation totals.

Public Education

The Governor's proposed amendments to Direct Aid to Public Education decrease the general fund amount by a net of \$57.3 million while increasing nongeneral funds by \$51.7 million in FY 2018, primarily reflecting additional Lottery Proceeds and savings from lower than projected enrollments.

• Direct Aid to Public Education

GF Increases

- Adds \$1.6 million GF for the actual English as a Second Language student membership count.
- Adds \$1.1 million GF to restore FY 2018 funds as a result of a FY 2017 shortfall. In FY 2017, an administrative adjustment was processed to transfer funds from FY 2018 to FY 2017 to avoid a proration of payments to school divisions.
 - The Department of Planning and Budget (DPB) reported that DOE received a discretionary carryforward balance of \$271,300 GF that could be earmarked to offset a portion of the administrative adjustment.
- Increases funding by \$728,263 GF based on the latest sales tax revenue projection, which increased the estimated forecast by \$1.7 million, offset by a corresponding decrease of \$929,938 in Basic Aid funding representing the state's share of about 55 percent of the savings.
- Adds a net amount of \$384,476 GF to adjust for an update to the erroneous source data for the City of Charlottesville used to calculate the city's 2016-2018 biennium composite index of local ability-to-pay.
 - A similar data error that would have resulted in a reduction of \$883,331 GF in funding for Roanoke County was also discovered. However, the introduced budget proposes a new language provision for a "hold harmless" exception and did not reflect the corrected adjustment to Roanoke County's funding for the error.
- Adds \$285,000 GF, offset by a like amount of NGF decrease that is based on a projected reduction in Department of Motor Vehicle revenues available to fund the portion of Basic Aid that supports the costs for driver education courses offered in some high schools.

 Adds \$229,992 GF for the traditional school breakfast incentive payments based on the actual number of meals served during the 2016-2017 school year, for a revised total of \$5.7 million in FY 2018.

GF Decreases

- Adjusts funding to reflect an increase of \$52.0 million in the revised forecast of Lottery Proceeds for FY 2018, and the general fund revenue is offset by a like amount.
 - The additional \$52.0 million in lottery revenues is generated from revising the Lottery Proceeds Fund estimated forecast up by an additional \$40.2 million. The remaining \$11.8 million is attributed to unallocated lottery revenue collected in FY 2017 and carried forward into FY 2018.
- Captures \$5.0 million GF based on a projected decrease of 1,099 students compared to the projected 1,248,936 ADM reflected in Chapter 836 of the 2017 Acts of Assembly due to the updates for the actual March 31, 2017 ADM and fall membership counts for September 30, 2017. The revised projected FY 2018 ADM is estimated to be 4,737 students higher than the actual ADM reported for March 31, 2017, an increase of 0.38 percent over the prior year.
- Also captures: \$2.0 million GF to reflect actual enrollment in Remedial Summer School; \$1.1 million from Categorical accounts, primarily from special education homebound, a decrease of \$209,479, and state-operated programs, a decrease of \$881,727; \$1.0 million GF across nine Lottery-funded accounts; \$457,500 based on the actual number of national board certified teachers; a net \$59,902 from Governor's Schools update.

Finance

Department of Accounts Transfer Payments

- Distribution of Rolling Stock Taxes to Localities. Decreases the appropriation for the distribution of payments to localities for rolling stock taxes by \$570,000 GF.
- Adjust Funding for the TVA Payments in Lieu of Taxes. Reduces by \$100,000 GF the distribution to the Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA) for payments in lieu of taxes to reflect current revenue projections.

• Treasury Board

Debt Management Savings. Captures net debt service savings of approximately \$24.3 million GF related to the refunding of General Obligation, Virginia Public Building Authority, and Virginia College Building Authority Bonds.

Debt Service Savings (GF in \$ millions)			
<u>Debt Type</u>	FY 2018 Ch. 836	Caboose HB/SB 29	\$ Change (Amended)
General Obligation Bonds	\$70.2	\$ 70.2	>\$ 0.0
Public Building Authority Bonds	287.3	279.9	(7.3)
College Building Authority Bonds	450.9	433.9	(17.0)
Total Debt Service Savings (projected)			(\$24.3)

Health and Human Resources

- Children's Services Act (formerly Comprehensive Services for At-Risk Youth and Families)
 - Adjust Funding for Children's Services Act (CSA). Reduces \$1.4 million GF in FY 2018 to reflect the latest forecast of expenditures for the CSA program. Overall, the program continues to grow based on caseload and the cost of services for those cases. Factoring in this minor adjustment to program spending, expenditures are still projected to increase by 6.7 percent in FY 2018. Expenditure growth in FY 2017 was 5 percent.

• Department of Medical Assistance Services (DMAS)

Forecast Changes

Medicaid Utilization and Inflation. Adds \$86.7 million GF and \$198.3 million NGF in FY 2018 to fund increases in enrollment and medical costs for the Medicaid program. Medicaid spending is expected to increase by 7.8 percent in FY 2018, well

above the 4.1 percent growth projected in the November 2016 Official Medicaid Forecast. Spending growth in the program is largely due to enrollment and increased supplemental payments to hospitals (approximately \$180.0 million). Medicaid enrollment grew 2 percent in FY 2017 and so far in FY 2018 is up 2.7 percent.

- Adjust Appropriation for the Virginia Health Care Fund. Proposes to reduce the appropriation by \$40.5 million GF in FY 2018 and add a like amount of nongeneral funds each year to reflect changes in revenues to the Virginia Health Care Fund. Revenues from the Fund are used as a portion of the state's match for the Medicaid program; therefore, higher revenues result in a reduction of the general fund appropriation needed to maintain currently-funded Medicaid services. Conversely, lower revenues require additional general fund support. Revenues in the fund are derived from tobacco taxes, Medicaid recoveries and revenue maximization initiatives, and a portion of the Master Tobacco Settlement Agreement (41.5 percent of tobacco settlement revenues). Changes to the fund include:
 - An increase of \$6.8 million in Medicaid recoveries,
 - An increase of \$14.8 million in expected pharmacy rebates,
 - A decrease of \$9.2 million projected reductions in tax collections from cigarettes and other tobacco products.
 - An increase of \$28.1 million to reflect the cash balance carried over from FY 2017.
- Increases spending by \$2.7 million GF and \$19.9 million NGF from federal matching funds in FY 2018 to reflect the forecast of expenditures for the FAMIS program. The higher forecast is mainly due to increasing caseload and managed care rate changes. FAMIS enrollment of children increased by 4.9 percent in FY 2017 and through December 1, 2017, average monthly enrollment for FY 2018 is up 8.6 percent for children. The federal match rate for FAMIS increased from 65 percent to 88 percent beginning October 1, 2015. The FAMIS program serves pregnant women and children under the age of 19 in families with income between 133 and 200 percent of poverty.
- Adjust Funding for Involuntary Mental Commitments. Proposes \$2.2 million GF in FY 2018 to fund expected expenditure growth in the program as a result of higher caseloads for hospital and physician services related to involuntary mental health commitment hearings. The legislation required by the 2014 General Assembly related to the duration of emergency custody and temporary detention orders have resulted in higher than anticipated additional costs for these medical services.

— *Medicaid Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP) Utilization and Inflation.*The proposed budget adds \$654,928 GF and \$4.8 million NGF in FY 2018 to reflect the forecast of expenditures in the Medicaid CHIP program. As with the FAMIS program, the growth is mainly due to increasing enrollment in the number of children served by the program and managed care rate changes. Enrollment in the Medicaid CHIP program increased by 5.3 percent in FY 2017 and through December 1, 2017, average monthly enrollment for FY 2018 is up 11.7 percent. The federal match rate for FAMIS increased from 65 percent to 88 percent beginning October 1, 2015. The Medicaid CHIP program provides services for Medicaid-eligible low-income children, aged 6 − 18, living in families with incomes between 100 and 133 percent of the federal poverty level.

Other Amendments

- Fund Administrative Costs Associated with Medicaid Expansion. The introduced budget proposes \$611,953 GF and \$1.1 million in matching federal Medicaid funds in FY 2018 for administrative costs related to expanding Medicaid to individuals with income up to 138 percent of the federal poverty level pursuant to the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act by October 1, 2018. These costs are related to new staff and other contractual costs, such as actuarial services, for activities that must take place prior to the date the program expansion actually takes place.
- Fund Mailings Related to the Launch of the New Medallion 4.0 Managed Care Program. Proposes \$500,000 GF and \$500,000 in federal Medicaid matching funds in FY 2018 to fund mailings to Medicaid enrollees related to the start of the new Medallion 4.0 managed care program that will begin August 1, 2018. The programmatic changes as part of this new program will require an estimated six notices to be mailed to over 740,000 enrollees.
- Use Civil Money Penalty Funds to Improve Patient Care in Nursing Facilities. Adds \$700,000 NGF in FY 2018 to support quality improvement initiatives at nursing facilities. Civil Money penalties are collected from nursing facilities that are found to be out of compliance of federal standards. These funds provide an emergency source of funds in cases of sudden nursing facility closures when resources are necessary to relocate residents. The proposed funding uses only a portion of the revenue collected.
- Authorize a Provider Assessment on Hospitals. Language is included in Part 3 proposing to create a hospital provider assessment, that will be assessed in FY 2019, that applies to only private acute care hospitals (excludes public, freestanding psychiatric and rehabilitation, children's, long stay, long term acute care and critical access hospitals). The assessment will be calculated annually by May 1. Each hospital's assessment will be based on the assessment percentage times net patient

service revenue. The assessment percentage for each hospital is calculated by taking 1.08 times the non-federal share of the full cost of expanded Medicaid coverage divided by hospital net patient service revenue. The estimated cost of the coverage expansion for which the provider assessment would be based is \$80.8 million in FY 2019 and \$226.1 million in FY 2020.

Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services

- Fund Increasing Caseload for Part C Early Intervention Services. Proposes \$881,716 GF in FY 2018 to cover the costs of the increasing caseload for the program. The program has been growing on average by 5 percent a year over the past six years. The program provides early intervention services to children from birth to 2 years old with a developmental delay or at-risk of a developmental delay. This program is part of the federal Individuals with Disabilities Education Act.
- Fund Temporary Beds for Sexually Violent Predators with Significant Medical Needs. Proposes \$213,847 GF and 20 positions the second year to staff and operate 22 temporary beds for VCBR residents with significant medical needs. The temporary beds will be located at Piedmont Geriatric Hospital. The census at the VCBR is projected to be over capacity in 2018. Funds, staff and residents will be transferred back to the VCBR once the planned expansion is completed in FY 2021.

Department of Social Services

- Fund Projected Information Technology Costs. The introduced budget adds \$4.2 million GF and \$4.2 million NGF the second year for projected information systems operating costs through VITA and other systems costs related to the transition from the UNISYS system to the Virginia Case Management System. The agency is experiencing system redundancy costs as it terminates use of the UNISYS mainframe, which was not accounted for in VITA base budget adjustments that were proposed in Central Accounts.
- Backfill Loss of Nongeneral Fund Revenues for Child Support Enforcement Operations. Proposes an addition of \$3.0 million GF and reduces \$3.5 million NGF the second year for child support enforcement operations. Nongeneral fund revenues come from allowable retained child support collections on behalf of TANF recipients. Federal law allows the program to retain any child support payments in excess of \$50 each month for operating costs if the family receives TANF assistance in addition to child support.

As the TANF caseload continues to decrease, the amount of child support collected on the families' behalf also declines. TANF collections declined by about 10 percent in FY 2017 and are estimated to decline by an additional 6 percent in FY 2018. These retained collections are used to provide the state match for federal child support

- enforcement funding, which are available at a two-to-one federal-to-state match rate. This action assumes that the Division of Child Support Enforcement will continue to hold about 10 percent of its positions vacant as part of its efforts to increase efficiency.
- Foster Care and Adoption Forecast. Proposes \$2.2 million GF and \$4.1 million NGF in FY 2018 for forecast changes to the foster care and adoption subsidy programs. Adoption subsidies are projected to increase by \$1.9 million GF and \$3.9 million in federal Title IV-E funds, however the general fund increase is offset by the projected decline in state adoption subsidies. Title IV-E foster care expenditures are expected to increase by \$2.2 million GF and \$2.2 million NGF.
- Fund Increase in TANF Unemployed Parents Program. Proposes \$796,839 GF in FY 2018 to fund the forecast of costs in the unemployed parents' cash assistance program.
- Fund Rent Increases for Regional Offices. Proposes funding of \$331,919 GF and \$417,041 NGF the second year to support increases in rent for regional offices whose leases are set to expire.
- Adjust Appropriation for Local Staff and Operations. Proposes \$27.0 million NGF in FY 2018 to reflect a projected increase in federal appropriations for local DSS staff and operations. Federal funding is provided based on an agreed upon cost allocation formula which captures workload of local staff for programs which have shared federal and state funding responsibility.
- Adjust Appropriation for Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) Employment and Training Pilot Grant. Proposes reducing \$3.9 million NGF the second year from an appropriation for a federal grant award to the state for a pilot program. The purpose of this pilot program was to increase the number for SNAP recipients that obtain employment and increase the income of those employed with the ultimate goal of reducing reliance on SNAP benefits. The 3-year pilot program will be completed by December 31, 2018.
- Add Federal Child Care And Development Fund (CCDF) Funds for Child Care Subsidies and Improvements. Proposes adding \$1.1 million NGF in FY 2018 from the federal CCDF awarded to the agency for child care subsidies and child care quality improvement activities. Out of this funding, \$500,000 NGF will be used in underserved areas to increase the number of subsidies. The remaining funding will be used to address increased need for quality rating system (QRS) services to providers who are now required to participate in the QRS due to new federal program standards for the Head Start program.
- Increase Appropriation for Virginia Birth Father Registry Program. Proposes an increase of \$100,000 NGF the second year from the Virginia Birth Father Registry

Program for increased marketing about the registry. The program was created by the 2006 General Assembly to allow putative fathers to register with the Commonwealth and entitles them to notice if a child is conceived and placed for adoption.

- Capture Surplus in Funding from the Auxiliary Grant Program. Reduces \$1.8 million GF the second year for the Auxiliary Grant program. Fewer individuals are expected to participate in the program. Expenditures in the program have declined steadily in recent years.
- Adjust TANF Funding to Account for Providing Mandated Benefits. Proposes a net reduction in TANF spending of \$20.5 million NGF due to the continued decline in the TANF caseload. The following table details the changes from Chapter 836 of the 2017 Acts of Assembly.

TANF Block Grant Funding FY 2018 Introduced Budget (HB/SB 29)

	Chapter 836 <u>FY 2018</u>	HB/SB 29 Proposed FY 2018
TANF Resources		
Annual TANF Block Grant Award	\$157,762,831	\$157,762,831
Carry-Forward From Prior Fiscal Year	123,754,882	123,754,882
Total TANF Resources Available	\$281,517,713	\$281,517,713
TANF Expenditures		
VIP/VIEW Core Benefits and Services		
TANF Income Benefits	\$45,431,357	\$30,946,293
VIEW Employment Services	13,612,144	13,612,144
VIEW Child Care Services	7,234,225	1,250,137
TANF Caseload Reserve	2,000,000	2,000,000
Subtotal VIP/VIEW Benefits and Services	\$68,277,726	\$47,808,574
Administration		
State Administration	\$3,002,653	\$3,002,653
Information Systems	4,052,023	4,052,023
Local Staff and Operations	45,513,536	45,513,536
Eligibility System Maintenance/IT	1,000,000	1,000,000
Subtotal Administration	\$53,568,212	\$53,568,212
TANF Programming		
Healthy Families/Healthy Start	\$9,035,501	\$9,035,501
Community Employment & Training Grants	7,500,000	7,500,000
Community Action Agencies	4,250,000	4,250,000
Local Domestic Violence Prevention Grants	3,346,792	3,346,792
CHIP of Virginia (VDH)	2,400,000	2,400,000
Virginia Early Childhood Foundation	1,250,000	1,250,000
Resource Mothers	1,000,000	1,000,000
Boys and Girls Clubs	1,000,000	1,000,000
Child Advocacy Centers	825,500	825,500
Northern Virginia Family Services	500,000	500,000
EITC Grants	185,725	185,725
Subtotal TANF Programming	\$31,293,518	\$31,293,518
Total TANF Expenditures	\$132,670,304	\$132,670,304
Transfers to other Block Grants		
CCDF for At-Risk Child Care	\$12,857,212	\$12,857,212
CCDF for Head Start Wraparound Services	2,500,000	2,500,000
SSBG for Children's Services Act	9,419,998	9,419,998
SSBG for Local Staff Support	6,405,502	6,405,502
Total TANF Transfers	\$31,182,712	\$31,182,712
Total TANF Expenditures & Transfers	\$184,322,168	\$163,853,016

Natural Resources

Department of Game and Inland Fisheries

- Increase Transfer of Watercraft Sales Taxes. Increases the transfer of watercraft sales tax revenues to the department by \$1,600,000. The amendment also corrects an embedded number in the budget to accurately reflect the transfers to DGIF which had been overstated by \$650,000.

• Department of Marine Resources

 Increase Funding for Tangier Island Seawall. Reduces the appropriation required to match federal Army Corps of Engineers grants for the Tangier Island seawall project from \$226,000 to \$50,000 to reflect available federal funding and shifts in the project schedule.

Public Safety and Homeland Security

Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control

Net Profit Transfer. Proposes a language amendment in Part 3 to increase the FY 2018 net profit transfer by \$1.1 million over the amount assumed in Chapter 836 of the 2017 Acts of Assembly.

Department of Corrections

Inmate Medical Costs. Recommends an additional \$5.0 million GF in FY 2018 for increased inmate medical costs.

Department of Forensic Science

Overtime for Controlled Substances and Biology Scientists. Proposes \$125,000 GF in FY 2018 for the costs of mandatory overtime in the controlled substances and biology sections to address case backlogs. A companion amendment in HB/SB 30 proposes \$1.2 million GF over the biennium to increase staffing in the controlled substances section to address the section's backlog.

Technology

Virginia Information Technologies Agency

- Virginia Enterprise Applications Program. Provides \$2.25 million GF to repay a
 working capital advance owed for costs incurred by the Virginia Enterprise
 Applications Program. The contract supporting the repayment ended before the
 working capital advance was fully repaid.
- Information Technology Shared Security Service Center. Adjusts the Shared Security Center appropriation increasing the amount by \$722,000 NGF as a result of additional agencies signing up for the agency-provided service.

Transportation

Department of Motor Vehicles

Increase Appropriation to Fund Real ID Compliance Costs. Increases the nongeneral fund appropriation to the department by \$1.5 million and authorizes an increase in 25.00 FTE positions to allow the agency to begin issuing federally compliant driver's licenses beginning October 1, 2018. Companion action in Part 3 of the caboose bill provides DMV a line of credit of \$20.7 million which is anticipated to be repaid by a one-time additional charge of \$10.00 for each federally-compliant credential issued.

• Department of Transportation

Align Appropriations with Revenue Forecast. Proposes an additional \$359.5 million NGF in the current year to align expenditures with the revised revenue forecast approved by the Commonwealth Transportation Board. The major appropriation changes are additional allocations to highway construction totaling \$355.9 million and increases in funding for toll facilities of \$22.1 million. These are offset by debt service savings of \$21.5 million.

<u>Program</u>	Proposed Increase (Decrease)
Environmental Monitoring	\$(698,505)
Planning & Research	550,539
Highway Construction	355,893,612
Highway Maintenance	511,124
Toll Facilities	22,1120,683
Local Assistance	1,309,111
Debt Service	(21,505,546)
Administrative	1,315,000
Total	\$359,496,018

Central Appropriations

Central Appropriations

- Provide Funding for Revenue Cash Reserve. Proposes adding \$121.4 million GF to the Revenue Cash Reserve, bringing the FY18 amount to \$156.4 million. A companion action in HB/SB 30 proposes to add an additional \$270.7 million over the biennium.
- Provide Appropriation for the Slavery and Freedom Heritage Project. Proposes \$1.2 million GF for expected project expenditures for the City of Richmond to develop the Slavery and Freedom Heritage site, and make improvements to Lumpkin's Pavilion and the Slave Trail. The amendment also modifies language in the item to direct the re-appropriation of unexpended general fund balances, as of June 30, 2018, that were appropriated for the purpose of supporting the City of Richmond in the development of the Slavery and Freedom Heritage site. Previously, those unexpended general fund amounts reverted to the general fund.
- Line of Duty Act Cost Adjustment. Reduces the appropriation by \$198,774 GF to reflect the adjustment of funding provided to state agencies for the actual premiums charged for the line of duty act program. This amount reflects a savings from the line of duty act premiums provided by the Virginia Retirement System.
- Adjust Funding for Agency Information Technology Costs. Reduces by \$4.7 million the general fund share of cost for information technology and telecommunications

usage by state agencies. The reduction is based on current agency utilization estimates provided by the Virginia Information Technologies Agency for 2018.

Independent

• State Corporation Commission

- Increase Staff to Address Regulatory Workload. Proposes \$242,807 NGF and 6.0 FTEs to address an increase in the agency's regulatory workload. Of the six positions, four are provided for the Utility and Railroad Safety Division, one is provided for the Securities and Retail Franchising Division, and one is provided for the Bureau of Insurance.
- Increase Funding for Performance-Based Pay Plans. Proposes funding of \$1.7 million NGF to support compensation assessment recommendations. Pursuant to Item 475 of the Appropriation Act, the Commissioner of the State Corporation Commission has the authority to utilize centrally appropriated salary adjustment funding, or existing agency funding, to implement the provisions of new or existing performance-based pay plans. The proposed funding of \$1.7 million reflects an appropriation to effectuate the three percent raise to state employees provided in Chapter 836 of the 2017 Acts of Assembly that was effective July 10, 2017.
- Increase Funding for the Clerk's Information System (CIS). Proposes providing an additional \$1.5 million NGF for the Clerk's Information System replacement project. This would bring the total funding available for the project in FY 2018 to \$4.5 million NGF.
- Provide Funding for Information Technology Security Enhancements. Recommends \$1.5 million NGF in one-time funding to implement information technology and security features in accordance with the Commonwealth Information Security Standard, and to address findings included in the Auditor of Public Account's 2016 report.
- Enhance Bureau of Insurance's Consumer Portal. Proposes \$1.0 million NGF to enhance the agency's consumer portal, which allows for the electronic receipt and transmission of confidential consumer complaint documents, as well as enhance electronic payment functionality for consumers.

Virginia Retirement System

- Implement Final Modernization Program Releases. Proposes \$1.8 million NGF to fund the implementation costs of the final three releases of the Modernization Program, which is expected to be completed in FY 2019. Funding of \$5.5 million NGF the first year is also proposed in HB/SB 30 for program finalization. VRS expects expenditures for the Program to total \$61.9 million through its completion in FY 2019.

Capital Outlay

• Central Capital Outlay

Advanced Manufacturing Apprentice Academy. Reduces bond authorization to \$12.5 million from \$25.0 million to reflect current cost.

Part 4: General Provisions

• § 4-6.01 Employee Compensation

- Raise Salaries for Cabinet Appointees - Modifies salaries in the salary table for cabinet level appointees of the Governor. There is also language that allows an incumbent appointee who is reappointed to earn a salary as high as his or her prior salary, notwithstanding the position salary amounts specified in Part 4.

Current and Proposed Salaries for Cabinet Appointees

	Current	Proposed*	Pct. Chg.
Chief of Staff	\$ 167,737	\$ 175,000	4.3 %
Administration	\$ 159,762	\$ 172,000	7.7 %
Agriculture & Forestry	\$ 159,817	\$ 172,000	7.6 %
Commerce & Trade	\$ 166,915	\$ 172,000	3.0 %
Commonwealth	\$ 158,966	\$ 172,000	8.2 %
Education	\$ 159,960	\$ 172,000	7.5 %
Finance	\$ 170,854	\$ 172,000	0.7 %
Health & Human Resources	\$ 159,291	\$ 172,000	8.0 %
Natural Resources	\$ 158,966	\$ 172,000	8.2 %
Public Safety	\$ 168,838	\$ 172,000	1.9 %
Technology	\$ 158,966	\$ 172,000	8.2 %
Transportation	\$ 166,915	\$ 172,000	3.0 %
Veterans	\$ 163,642	\$ 172,000	5.1 %

^{*}Effective January 12, 2018 to June 30, 2018