

**APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE** 

9<sup>TH</sup> FLOOR, GENERAL ASSEMBLY BUILDING

CAPITOL SQUARE POST OFFICE BOX 406 RICHMOND, VIRGINIA 23218 804-698-1590 COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA HOUSE OF DELEGATES RICHMOND

> LACEY E. PUTNEY, CHAIRMAN ROBERT P. VAUGHN, STAFF DIRECTOR

## The Honorable Lacey E. Putney Comments on the Committee Recommendations to House Bill 29 and 30 February 19, 2012

Good afternoon. Today we meet to consider amendments to House Bill 29, which is the current biennial budget and to House Bill 30, which is the budget for the 2012-2014 biennium.

Crafting the biennial budget of the Commonwealth of Virginia is no easy task, and one that I know this Committee undertakes earnestly with the best interests of Virginians in mind. Since I introduced the budget some 8 weeks, we have conducted 5 public hearings across the state in order to receive input from the citizens on the priorities they would like to see addressed.

Shortly after arriving here 40 days ago, I assembled the Subcommittee chairman and we began to discuss the direction the Committee would take in building the House Budget. We began our process by fully vetting the Governor's proposals and vision that he was recommending. We found much to agree with during that assessment. However, as I said to the House this past Thursday, "Governor's propose and Legislatures dispose."

Recognizing that the responsibility of adopting a budget ultimately rests with us, I knew that an integral component of a successful budget was to involve all 100 Members of the House. So, over a 3 week period we engaged in small group briefings in which members from both sides of the aisle participated in an in-depth discussion of the Governor's proposed budget.

With the input of the House, we charted several goals and principles that would serve as the framework for the Committee's budget deliberations.

The first principle was that we needed to be mindful that although state revenues are beginning to grow, the rate of growth is well below historic trend growth of 6.0%. Furthermore, this rate of growth is less than we experienced in the two previous recoveries. For example, coming out of the 1991 and 2001 recessions, withholding grew about 8% and 7.2%, respectively.

This Committee has made a priority commitment to the long-term structural balance of our finances. This budget will be no different.

As required by the Constitution, this budget will include nearly \$300.0 million in Rainy Day Fund deposits, replenishing the fund, which was used, as intended, to weather the recession. The Fund balance at the end of FY 2014 will be in excess of \$600.0 million.

Likewise, I also believe that it is imperative to ensure that we have adequate cash reserves on hand as we continue to emerge from the worst recession in memory. To that end, we will set aside a couple of reserve funds. The first is designed to meet any negative impact of federal budget reductions on the Commonwealth over the next several years.

The second reserve fund will serve two purposes; first, as a revenue reserve in the event that our economy does not perform at the levels that we anticipate. If our economy does perform, then these appropriated dollars will be earmarked for a pay raise in the second year of the budget.

The second principle we adopted was to provide help to our localities. While state revenues have begun to rebound, localities are still grappling with declining real estate revenues, a byproduct of a housing market that remains weak. Clearly, we all know that localities budgets are stretched thin and that they too are facing increased costs of providing services to our citizens. Overall, nearly 65% of local budgets go to pay their share of the cost of K-12 education.

Our budget will address local aid on two fronts. First, we will provide an additional \$138.0 million over the amounts recommended by Governor McDonnell for inflation adjustments that are normally apart of the basic aid funding model, additional funding for the K-3 class size reduction program, and funding to expand the early reading program for 3<sup>rd</sup> graders.

Second, our budget will restore \$70 million in aid to localities. You may recall over the last several years one of the balancing strategies was to reduce local aid by \$60 million each year. Making substantial strides in phasing-out this structurally unbalanced practice was a top priority of the Committee.

Our third principle was to continue our investment in higher education. I applaud Governor McDonnell for making higher education a priority, and I am pleased that our budget makes the largest investment in a decade.

Our budget recommendations will also focus additional resources to meet the needs of Virginia's most vulnerable citizens. Specifically, our budget will restore funding to the health safety network; ensure adequate Medicaid payments for our hospitals and nursing homes; and, provide additional Medicaid waiver slots to address the waiting lists for intellectual disability and developmental disability services.

As I mentioned on the House floor, adequate funding to our hospitals and nursing homes is not only important for the delivery of quality health care to the aged and disabled, but it also recognizes that our health providers are major employers, especially in rural Virginia

In closing, the budget recommendations that follow will clearly and strategically focus our resources on keeping our promises to fund the core services of government. I believe, quite frankly, that the work of the subcommittees has achieved my goal. You did it right, and I thank you all for your efforts. I would also like to thank the staff for their hard work and devotion to good fiscal management.

I would like to receive the reports of the Subcommittees, beginning with Delegate Ingram, Chairman of the Health and Human Resources Subcommittee.